

## **Serious Incident Reporting Policy**

### **Why this policy exists**

This policy covers serious incident reporting to the charity regulator, the Charity Commission ("the commission"), as it relates to the Pulborough and District Community Care Association (PDCCA). This policy provides the PDCCA with an effective and easy to follow process that closely follows the commission's guidance.

### **Scope**

This policy covers all activities of the charity and its operations. It does not cover or replace the charity's obligations to report incidents to statutory authorities such as the police, health and safety executive or licensing authority.

However, incidents that are reported to the statutory authorities can become relevant to this policy, for example if the charity is subjected to an investigation by a statutory authority or if it deems itself to be at fault and there is potential reputational damage to the charity as a result.

### **Background**

The commission states that it is vital that charities report serious incidents to the regulator. The commission also states that data on serious incident reporting allows it to better understand risks facing the sector and take appropriate action.

However, the commission recognises the challenging nature of the work undertaken and the difficult context faced by many charities. It understands that serious incidents will happen, but it is the commission's role to ensure that trustees comply with their legal duties and that the charity manages the incident responsibly. The commission will be looking for assurance that the charity has taken steps to limit the immediate impact of any serious incidents that may occur and, where possible, prevent it from happening again.

The commission acknowledges that many problems can be resolved by trustees themselves. However, sometimes it needs to use its powers to protect a charity. Reporting also means

the commission can identify whether other charities might be affected and can give better advice to all charities to help them protect themselves.

## What is a serious incident?

The commission defines a serious incident as an adverse event, whether actual or alleged, which results in or risks significant:

- Harm to people who come into contact with our charity through our work.
- Loss of our charity's money or assets.
- Damage to our charity's property.
- Harm to our charity's work or reputation.

An act of discrimination against any person with a protected characteristic listed in the Equality Act 2010 will also be treated as a serious incident.

The main categories of reportable incidents set out by the commission are:

- Protecting people and safeguarding incidents – incidents that have resulted in or risk significant harm to beneficiaries and other people who come into contact with the charity through its work.
- Financial crimes – fraud, theft, cyber-crime and money laundering.
- Large donations from an unknown or unverifiable source, or suspicious financial activity using the charity's funds.
- Other significant financial loss.
- Links to terrorism or extremism, including 'proscribed' (or banned) organisations, individuals subject to an asset freeze or kidnapping of staff.
- Other significant incidents, such as – insolvency, forced withdrawal of banking services without an alternative, significant data breaches / losses or incidents involving partners that materially affect the charity.

## Policy

It is PDCCA's policy to report all 'serious incidents' to the commission within 7 days of the chair's decision.

## Who is responsible for reporting?

The responsibility for reporting serious incidents rests with the charity's trustees. All trustees bear ultimate responsibility for ensuring their charity makes a report and does so in a timely manner.

All potentially serious incidents should be reported to the PDCCA's Chairman immediately, either in writing or if verbally reported, confirmed in writing immediately after notification. The Chairman will refer any potentially reportable incident to the board of trustees in a prompt manner, who will decide as to whether the incident constitutes a serious incident and requires reporting to the Charity Commission.

The report will then be made to the commission within 7 days of the decision to report a serious incident.

All discussions and decisions taken will be formally recorded and then minuted at the next available board meeting along with any outcomes and further action taken.

## **Actions we will take in response to a serious incident**

If there is a serious incident the trustees, together with the Chairman will:

- As soon as reasonably practicable prevent or minimise any further harm, loss or damage.
- Report it to the commission as a serious incident.
- Report it to the police (and / or other relevant agencies) if we suspect a crime has been committed, and to any other regulators the charity is accountable to and other agencies such as the local authority designated officer (LADO) for safeguarding.
- Put in place a communication plan for service providers, staff, volunteers and the public.
- Review what happened and prevent it from happening again.

## **How we will report**

The trustee board delegate formal responsibility for reporting those incidents deemed to be serious incidents to the Chairman who will report them to the Charity Commission using its online reporting form. <https://rsi.charitycommission.gov.uk/web/register/report-a-serious-incident>

If the information provided is particularly sensitive or confidential or if a particular exemption applies, we will inform the commission and explain our reasoning.

The charity is required as part of its annual return, to sign a declaration confirming there were no serious incidents during the financial year that should have been reported to the commission. If incidents did occur, but were not reported at the time, we will submit these before we file our charity's annual return, so that we can make the declaration and meet our legal reporting requirements.